

# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XIX. No. 41

EMPRESS. ALTA. THURSDAY, Mar. 17th, 1932

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

## United Church

Emphasis:  
Sunday School, 2:00 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.  
"A good word like a good deed never dies." Come to church.  
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

## Correspondence

### "Getting on in the World"

Mr. Editor:

As I see from experience and observation in my long life that every man is responsible in some way for his own failure or success in life.

We cannot put the blame for our own failure entirely on others. We are not born alike with the same intelligence, memory and ability to manage a business of our own. Henry Ford said some farmers should be working for some corporation under direction. They need a boss with them. Mr. Cock-shutt said twenty five years ago, there were machines at that time, that would do almost anything but think—and that there are men who think and men who do not think. These two men are employers of labor and should know from experience the difference between labor men. We have machines now that have been invented by industrious minds that have displaced tens of thousands of labor men. We have all made mistakes, but the man who made no mistake never made anything, it has been said.

I asked a banker once what he thought of the banking business for a young man. He said he would not advise any young man to engage in the banking business. I asked a prominent railroad man the same question, he said the railroad business was a poor business for a young man. I asked a hard ware man what opportunities there were in the hardware business for a young man.

## LOWER FARES

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Between all points in Canada

1½ FARE  
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furnished by  
the Ticket  
Agent



## Report of Senior Intermediate Room

Grade VIII.—  
Melville Bowen, 82.1 p.e.  
Mildred Horn, 78.3  
Vera Lyster, 72.7  
Rexley McCune, 72.6  
Leslie Nickel, 69.6  
Grade VII.—  
Harold Fraser, 70.3  
Maxie Pawlak, 79.1  
Billie Lyster, 76.7  
Mabel Longmuir, 75.3  
Bill Crocker, 72.8  
Corinne MacPherson, 69.6  
Wilmer Highmore, 67.5  
Jack McCre, 65.5  
Stanley Pawlak, 59.5  
Grade VI.—  
Phyllis Miller, 86.1  
Robert Hopkins, 82.1  
Harvey Boswell, 80  
Edward Pawlak, 79  
Mavis Hopkins, 74  
Frank Oswald, 70.8  
Dolly Nickel, 65.7  
Irene Durr, 65  
Bob Campbell, 55.5

he said it all depends on himself. He was right. I have known some intimate friends who made a success in these pursuits and enjoyed their work and many more who were not successful and learned the grumbling habit and had no pleasure in their business. A man must love his work and be conscious that he has ability to make a fair success in his calling.

Now, I want to talk to our young men and young women as well who are taking on themselves the responsibility of serving others or managing a business of their own, and advise them to study diligently, gain knowledge, and become well informed, so they will be efficient servants and leaders in business or professional life, or in making the community in which they live, the better because they have lived in it. All of us have less or more influence.

Is it good, or too good? There is a constant demand for qualified young people to fill important places in industry, in business, finance, trade, commerce, and in education, as well as in church and state. We need leaders, we look to them to think, initiate reforms and lead us in a forward movement all for the good of mankind.

We have the very best class of newspapers in Canada to read and study current events, and keep in touch with the best minds in our own country and in other countries in the world. Our privileges are great.

Young people need a good education, but those who have not passed through high schools and colleges can learn from day to day. Novels and love stories do not educate. There is a moral and spiritual side to our life that we need to help us to be more successful in getting on in the world.

We should have faith and spiritual strength when tempted to do wrong. We should have more faith and respect for our leaders in parliament and

## Honor For Local Boy Presented by College With Senior Stick

At the annual formal dance held recently by the College of Medicine, University of Saskatchewan, honor was conferred on an Empress boy. The report of the event says in part, "A pleasing event of the evening was the presentation of the senior stick for the College of Medicine to Mr. Harold Boyd by Dr. Galloway, while the retiring senior stick, Mr. Harold Dagleith, was presented with a handsome pin."

## Wheat and Increased World Population

A very important factor in the world wheat situation which is frequently overlooked by the general public is the yearly increase in the world's population. While undoubtedly there has been a slowing down of the rate of increase of population as compared with previous figures, the record for the ten year period from 1920 to 1930 shows that the yearly increase is 1,625,000. That means that in the year 1930 there were 16,250,000 more people to be fed than in the year 1920. Based on the estimate of Mr. Sandford Evans, a Winnipeg statistician, of 2½ bushels of wheat annual per capita consumption, in 1930 the world required 40,625,000 bushels of wheat more than it did in 1920.

The steady increase in the world's population has been outdone by the increase in wheat acreage. For the 35 years up to 1930 the world's wheat acreage increased between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 acres per year. The trend has been the other way during the past twenty years, the decrease in acreage in the major wheat exporting countries last year alone having been 12,000,000 acres. If further reductions in acreage occur, it will not take very long for the demand for wheat to overtake the supply.

in our superiors. Those men have been put in their places by a majority vote of the people, and we should have more charity towards those who differ from us.

We need faith to save us from doubt, fear and discouragement, and hope to save us from despair. Read the 37th Psalm, a lot of good advice and promise is to this Psalm. Read the 41st chapter of Genesis and in the 47th chapter, from the 16th to the 26th verse—about Joseph interpreting Pharaoh's dream, and how he suggested to Pharaoh what to do to provide for the famine to come. There is suggestions in these scriptures that we should read—that would be a guide to store up in good crop years to provide us with food to eat in years when our crops fail by hail, wind and drought—and to have

## Harry Hixson, Well-Known Resident of the Bindloss District Commits Suicide

Harry Hixson, of Bindloss, committed suicide with a .22 rifle on Saturday, March 12, at 10:30 a.m., at the rear of the premises of the Estimote hardware store. Financial circumstances was the cause of the derangement of mind. Coroner Dr. McNeill and Constable Cameron viewed the remains. A note found on the deceased read as follows: "Dear people, This is the finish. I made a fool of myself at 73. Sorry to be so much trouble as everyone has been so good to us. Look after the wife—Harry." No inquest was deemed necessary. Interment was made in the Empress cemetery on Monday afternoon, Rev. Geo. A. Shields presiding.

Deceased was 73 years of age, and leaves a widow of 70 years, and has a daughter in England. He served in the Imperial army. Both the deceased and his wife were well thought of and regarded highly by the community. The tragic event was a distinct shock to residents throughout the district.

## Huge Turbine Completed

Stockholm—A monster turbine, the 200th constructed by the Karlskrona Mechanical Works at Karlskrona, has just been completed and sent to the electric power station in Russia. Twenty four railway cars were required to transport it. The wheel diameter of the turbine is 7.4 meters.

Once upon a time there was a parrot who used to swear horribly. One day he escaped from his cage and wandered on to the golf links and died of shock.

## Alberta Farmers Fined On False Pretences Count

Calgary, Alta.—First convictions of false pretences in connection with farmers fraudulently obtaining the five cent bonus on wheat was reported to provincial headquarters here tonight from Rimbey, Alta. W. Hancher was fined \$25 and costs for false pretences in obtaining payment of 9.30 on 180 bushels of wheat grown in 1930, and James Jackson was fined \$20 and costs for obtaining \$12.45 on the sale of 240 bushels of 1930 wheat.

Payments of the bonus granted by the Dominion government to aid farmers, is on wheat grown during 1931 only. Hancher and Jackson said their wheat was grown in 1931, whereas it was from the 1930 crop. The prosecution was carried out by the Alberta Provincial Police and the board of grain commissioners, and Magistrate E. J. Jones, who heard the case, warned that further infractions would lead to more severe penalties.

## Van Service Opened By British Railroad

London—England now has its covered wagons. A fleet of 100 furniture removal vans of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway, set out on a tour of Britain recently. They were christened, "Covered Wagons," and are designed to permit the transfer overnight of household goods from places as far apart as London and Manchester.

After being packed into the van, the furniture is taken by road, rail and road to its destination without being unpacked until its arrival. It is claimed by the company that this method

## St. Mary the Virgin (Anglican Church)

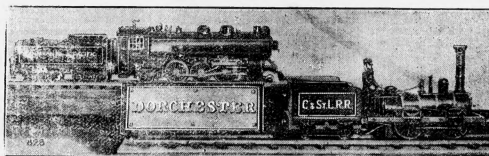
Sixth Sunday in Lent.  
PALM SUNDAY  
Sunday School, 10 a.m.  
March 25th, GOOD FRIDAY;  
Devotional Service, 2 p.m.  
Rev. J. P. Horne.

## To Fight Soil Drifting

It is beyond question that soil drifting was far more responsible for crop failures in the relief areas last season than the drought. Soil conditions where favorable for drifting, the farmer should so conduct his spring cultivation that these conditions are obliterated as far as possible. All cultivation should be directed to a lumpy condition of the top soil. This may be accomplished by the use of the duck-foot cultivator, which will secure the land while the land is still moist. If the cultivator clogs the removal of every other tool will do much to obviate this condition. If the teeth of the cultivator will not secure, the next alternative is a single disc. The object is to bring up from below the moist soil that will dry in lumps, and make a surface resistant to the action of the wind. Farmers should not wait for ordinary seeding conditions to put the soil in shape to meet drifting conditions. Often warm springs "soak" before spring is sufficiently advanced to permit of seeding, and these intervals may be well employed in the work.

od is both speedier and cheaper than other methods.

## The Old and the New



The two models have been shown at the Chateau-de-Ramsey, Montreal, recently in an exhibition of a century of locomotives. Right, the "Dorchester" operated in 1858 to 1859 on the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad between St. John's and La Prairie, Quebec, the first train to run in Canada. Left, is the 2500 type Canadian Pacific Railway locomotive, a model of the great machine that draws modern passenger trains across the Dominion.

Comparison of the two locomotives will bring home the immense development in the past 100 years. The four driving wheels of the "Dorchester" were 48 inches in height. The six driving wheels of the 2500 type locomotive are 75 inches in height. Engine and tender weight of the "Dorchester" was just over 10,000 lbs. of the 2500 is 648,000 lbs. Tractive force of the "Dorchester" is not given, but it must have been greatly less than the 45,000 lbs. of the Canadian Pacific engine. Engine and tender of both locomotives had respectively eight wheels and twenty wheels. A further indication of the vast spread in operation values between the old and the new is seen in the figures of the latest and most powerful Canadian Pacific engine, the "8000" type, capable of pulling a freight train of 150 cars, or over a mile in length.

## JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards  
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order  
to the local printers.



## The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes  
and Pastry from us.  
Town Deliveries made if  
required.  
Bread 3 Loaves for 25c.

MURRAY  
The Baker

## ANNOUNCING our ONE CENT SALE

April 14, 15 and 16

SOMETHING ON SALE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT:

Molasses Kisses, 40c lb., 25c. 41c  
Tea, Indigo, 2 oz. 50c., 2 for... 51c  
Gummy Nuts, 1 yd. 50c., 2 for... 51c  
Cocoanut Oil Shampoo, 2 for 51c  
Langlois Lavender Wave Set, 2 for 46c.  
These are only a few of our bargains. Keep This List and we will add to it each week.  
Trust Strictly Cash.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

## For All Who Prefer Quality

"Fresh from the Gardens"

## Are We Over-Governed?

Considering, in this concluding article, some of the broader aspects of the above subject which we have been discussing in this series of articles, it is self-evident that any conclusion to be reached must be based upon the effect upon (a) efficiency; (b) economy; (c) the individual taxpayer. It might be possible to achieve a substantial reduction in Provincial expenditures by imposing upon the municipalities the obligation of providing certain services, as, for example, the making of smaller grants for schools or municipal roads but this would simply mean increasing the burden to be borne by the individual taxpayer in his own community.

Any gain, therefore, must be the result, not of a shifting of the burden from one shoulder to another, but the entire elimination of the burden. This at once brings us face to face with the real problem. That is, are the people—that is, the taxpayers—prepared to forgo services and conveniences now provided by the State through taxation, and do without them altogether, or provide them individually for themselves where possible, in order that taxes may be reduced? Are they ready and willing to do without services and conveniences they expect will be present in days to come, and do without them until the country is more thickly populated, better developed, and producing a substantially larger volume of new wealth annually?

Reduction in governmental machinery, whether it be accomplished through the merging of small school districts into larger districts, combining several small municipalities into one, or uniting the three prairie provinces into one large province, must result in some inconvenience to the people now served by the smaller units. If the Province were made one province, the Dominion Treasury would be saved the payment of two of the three grants now made to the Provinces for "Government and Legislation." As Federal taxpayers we would save this money; as Western Provincial taxpayers we would lose it. But if the cost of Provincial Government was reduced as a result, it would be money saved.

While it is open to serious question whether union of the three Western Provinces is now a practical proposition, a comparison of the expenditures made between the size of our Canadian provinces (except the three Maritimes), with the much smaller states across the line, or with such countries as Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Italy, or even the larger European countries, except Russia, and having in mind the ultimate large populations of these three Provinces, it is quite practical to effect substantial savings through joint Provincial action, or in conjunction with the Dominion.

Such action is already being taken. Some years ago Saskatchewan disbanded its own Provincial Police Force and made a contract with the Dominion Government whereby the Mounted Police now perform police duties for the Province, thus effecting a large saving. Now Alberta and Manitoba are adopting the same policy. The need for a school for the Blind in the West is realized, but one such school will serve the needs of all three Provinces for many years to come; there is no necessity for erecting and maintaining three such schools, and, fortunately, this is recognized. We repeat, what was stated in a previous article, that in our opinion, one Court of Appeal for the three provinces could handle all appeal cases, and it would appear the part of wisdom for the three Governments and the Dominion to give consideration to effecting such an economy.

These are but examples where inconveniences to the public would be small, while the savings would be large, and also indicate the possibility of the general policy which, in the interests of the taxpayers, should be followed.

But to achieve even these reforms, and to inaugurate such policies for future development and extension, will necessitate a large patriotism on the part of all, and the elimination of those local jealousies and sectional ambitions, all those purely selfish considerations which now operate to prevent many economies in governmental administration. All such considerations, rather than aid for the common good, are the enemies of the taxpayer. If they are not it will be well-nigh hopeless to effect necessary economies, or to prevent an even more serious condition of being over-governed than at present exists.

Governments are not so much to blame as are the people themselves, because Governments have acted in the past, and will act in the future, as the people desire, and if the people are actuated by petty, local, selfish considerations, rather than by a sense of duty to the people as a whole, their views will be reflected in future governmental action. The people can and will get what they demand, and as, in the final analysis, they must do the paying through the medium of taxation, it is up to them to decide just what they want.

## A Quare Profession

London Man Had Wide Reputation As Professional Toastmaster

William Knightmitch, for 40 years the most prominent professional toastmaster in Great Britain, is dead. He was 73 years old.

Knightmitch started life as a dancing instructor and eventually acquired a wide reputation for his wit and his conduct the formalities of after-dinner proceedings. Arrived in a scarlet coat, black knee breeches and a buckled shoe—the uniform was his own creation—his voice powerful yet decorous, he would still the largest company chattering over coffee.

To enable them to drive their automobiles over bobs of the two Texas men have been sentenced, which the car is fastened, its rear wheel is being geared to a propeller.

## Nerves A Complete Wreck Sat Up Half The Night

Mrs. John Rose, Bark Lake, Ont., writes: "I was troubled so much with my nerves I was a complete wreck."

"I could not do my work, and would have to stop at night on account of not being able to sleep."

"One day a friend recommended Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I used one box and got relief, and by the time I had taken six boxes I was as well as ever."

Bottle at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. W. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Price 50c a box

Get at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. W. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

## Death Of Famous Actress

Mrs. Fiske Dies At Her Home In New York At Age Of 66

Minnie Maddern Fiske, well-known actress, died on March 18, 1930, at her home in New York City.

She was 66 years old. Mrs. Fiske appeared on the stage in a child's part when three years old; at 12 she was alternately playing leading roles and supporting parts in a child's part when three years old; at 12 she was alternately playing leading roles and supporting parts in a child's part when three years old.

English postmen must be at least five feet four inches tall.

Cuba expects its present sugar crop will be over 3,000,000 tons.

## Seek Lost Girl

White Girl Living Among Aboriginal Tribes In Australia May Be Found

A white girl who for three years has been living among a tribe of little known aborigines in the wilds of Northern Australia was sought recently on basis of rumour, offering back to civilization.

Reports that the beautiful young girl, about 18 years old, had been seen recently resulted in organization of an expedition to penetrate the wilds.

The reports were given substantiation by other reports which followed sinking of the Australian trader commission yacht "Douglas Mawson" in 1923. At that time it was said a woman and her 8-year-old daughter had survived and had made their way to the village of the native aborigines about 400 miles east of Port Darwin. Subsequently the mother was reported to have been killed by the natives and the girl kept captive.

## Gas in the Stomach Is Dangerous

Recommend Daily Use Of Blasted Magnesia Over Indigestion

Gas in the stomach accompanied by a belching tendency is one of the most common evidences of the presence of indigestion. It is caused by the action of "creating so-called 'acid' indigestion" on the stomach. It is caused by too much acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach, and the result is a condition known as "acid indigestion" accompanied by serious stomach trouble. It is caused by the action of "creating so-called 'acid' indigestion" on the stomach. It is caused by too much acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach, and the result is a condition known as "acid indigestion" accompanied by serious stomach trouble.

## Industrial Brandon

Manitoba City Serves A Rural Population Of Some 200,000

Mr. W. Burton Ford, Professor of Economics at Brandon College, points out in a general industrial report that Brandon serves a rural population of about 200,000 in Western Manitoba and Eastern Saskatchewan, aided by a network of good roads, three main railway lines and 26 branch lines. The value of Brandon's manufactured goods exceeds \$4,500,000 annually. These include 16 different kinds of vegetable products and 19 from iron and steel. Brandon's population, as at April, 1921, was 17,770.

## A Promising Industry

Hundred Acres Of Peas Near Manitoba Farmer \$4,000

One of Western Canada's youngest but most promising industries has just closed this season on February 11, when a final shipment of two cars of dried peas from St. George's, Ont., was shipped to the eastern export manufacturing concern.

The Pioneer Growers at St. George's, Ont., have been successful in the sale of the acre with an aggregate yield of 4,000 bushels, selling at a cash price of one dollar a bushel F.O.B. cars.

One of the most effective vermines on the market is Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only clear the stomach and bowels of worms but will prove a very serviceable medicine for children in regulating the infantile system and maintaining it in a healthy condition, and they can be given to children in the full assurance that they will effect all wormy ailments.

## Great Scenic Highway

Upward of 2,000 men were employed in the construction of a great scenic highway through the Canadian Rocky Mountains. Some ten camps have been established between Jasper, Alberta, and the Great Divide, and gangs of men are working out from the camps clearing the right-of-way.

A rare old grandfather clock, the one that owned by a famous clockmaker in the time of William III, whose owner had not thought it to be worth more than £20, was sold for £125 in London.

Eleven acres of glass are used in the walls and roofs of one wing of a new factory at Benson, England.

Only one woman is affected by color blindness to each ten men.

## Transportation Difficulties

Use Of Motor Cars By Federal Officials Creates Problem For Auditor-General

Modern means of transportation are furnishing a problem to the auditor-general. In his annual report for the fiscal year ended March 31 last, tabled in the House of Commons, the auditor-general refers to the difficulty which he experiences in obtaining satisfactory travelling expense accounts.

Rapid growth in recent years of the use of the automobile as a means of transport has introduced a new feature into the question of these expenses, the auditor-general says. "In many departments, officials are allowed in certain cases to use their own cars when travelling on government service, for which they are paid, in some cases a monthly allowance, in other cases an allowance based on mileage. These allowances, with perhaps a few exceptions, are determined by the departments concerned, and are far from being uniform."

"While I recognize the fact that the use of privately-owned automobiles may, in some cases, be a real economy, especially of time, there is a tendency very difficult to control to abuse the privilege by use of automobiles on long trips, and in other cases where ordinary rail transportation would be more economical. Another new feature which will have to be seriously considered in the future is the use of automobiles as a means of transportation."

The auditor-general adds that it has been found especially difficult to deal with accounts rendered by members of commissions and similar bodies.

## Illuminated Keyholes

New Utility Designed To Be Of Assistance To Car Drivers

Inventors have patented it. Pen-like flashlight beams have been used to illuminate the keyhole of a door. The keyhole finding aid, called the "Keyhole Light," has been offered suggestions. Then came the automobile which added just one more phase to the problem; an ignition lock keyhole located in the most shadowy corner of the instrument panel. Thousands of motorists to remove the key, leaving their car at the mercy of thieves, rather than play a losing game of hide and seek with darkness.

All this, however, before the auto "engineers" pulled down their eyes, and the "keyhole" problem was started to grapple with the problem. Days, months, years passed; then, however, the "keyhole" problem was started to grapple with the problem. Days, months, years passed; then, however, the "keyhole" problem was started to grapple with the problem.

## DRAPERIES MADE NEW

"When we resumed housekeeping a month ago I found my draperies had become creased from packing. I hung them out on the line, hoping to remove the creases. Then I forgot to take them down, and they were badly faded and sun-spotted. I then bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They gave me a new lease of life. I dyed—no, never take the life out of cloth as you dye it. Mrs. J.E.T., Montreal."

## Elapses Of The Sun

The belt of totality of the eclipse of the sun on August 31, 1932, roughly 100 miles wide, passed from the Arctic region via the east coast of James Bay, continuing down through the province of Quebec and crossing the St. Lawrence just east of Montreal; thence it continued southeastward and passes into the ocean by way of the State of Maine.

It is estimated that a beech tree consumes about 80 quarts of water a day.

## Too Sick For School

Mrs. Dow Says Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Daughter To Health.

"My daughter was run down in health, look weak and thin, and could not go to school," writes Mrs. A. Dow, Port Daniel, Quebec. "While visiting her aunt, a friend told her about a little girl who had been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My daughter has since been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She has been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She has been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Don't let anemia rob your daughter of health and vigor. Give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are a sure relief. They banish the tired feeling by creating new blood which imparts health, vigor and vitality. Good food for all run-down or nervous conditions. At your druggist's, 50c.

## MACDONALD'S Fine Cut Cigarettes

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

## World's Biggest Light

Invention Of Briton

Claimed To Make Escape Of Night

Air Raiders Impossible

While demolition squads were beginning their task of scrapping the new machine at Burlington there came news of a remarkable British invention that will revolutionize war in the air.

This astonishing new invention is the most powerful searchlight in the world; it gives its operators the power to abolish darkness at will and makes escape of night air-raiders impossible.

The searchlight has been evolved by Major J. C. Savage, famous for sky-writing, after many experiments over a long period. Major Savage says: "We have built the biggest searchlight in the world. We can make a beam in the form of a grid that has vertical and horizontal lines, or we can turn the whole of the light into a single line which would make a fan-shaped beam of 60 degrees."

"One of the greatest uses of this lighting system will be against hordes of aircraft in war. Up till now the method had been to use a searchlight beam that represents merely a spot of light. By means of this invention we throw into the sky a grid of light covering an enormous area."

"In that grid no aeroplane can escape, and the pilot, even if trying to spin out of the light, must be held there; and as a result of the grid, which is equivalent to a net, the pilot, even if trying to spin out of the light, must be held there; and as a result of the grid, which is equivalent to a net, the pilot, even if trying to spin out of the light, must be held there."

"We have already been able to take this light up to 18,000 feet, but the light will be able to carry the beam up to 25,000 feet. There seems to be little doubt that as a result of the grid air defensive work will be completely revolutionized."

"But there are other important applications. A straight line beam of 60 degrees would not only be of great use in lighting aerodromes, but for harbor defence work and for other naval purposes."

"The light is so good that you are able to read a newspaper six miles away."

Infinitely Better

A suburban gentleman who raised strawberries invited a number of boys in the neighborhood to a strawberry party. When they had all partaken of the luscious berries, he said to them: "Now wasn't that better than stealing into my garden and helping yourselves?"

"Oh, yes," chorused the boys. "And why was it better?" he asked. "Because of pointing a more 'because.'"

"Because," said a chubby-faced youngster, "we shouldn't have had any sugar and cream with 'em."

Wretched From Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dispels the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal blood, mind and mental happiness.

## His Reference

A Nigerian district officer, finding his steward unsatisfactory, discharged him. Tom asked for a reference. The district officer gave him the following:

"Tom has been my steward for 10 months. He says he was a good boy. Anyone who is looking for a good steward should give Tom a wide berth."

Hubb, Dear—"That's a perfectly gorgeous coat Mrs. Perkins has—and just like yours. I wonder if hers is real mink?"

Wiley Dear—"Probably imitation. The hussy imitates everything I buy."

Bonds built in the United States offer a safe investment to about 100 persons, 1,000,000 working on the roads and the rest making material for them.

A musician in Tennessee has devised a violin bow strung with artificial silk.

Dust free air does not exist anywhere in nature.

## A Northern Romance

Eskimo Couple Elope From Nature Village In Furious Bizzaz

People who believe the thrill of romance runs more wildly through the blood of the people of warm southern climates should listen to the story of Sholek, full-blooded young Eskimo hunter, who arrived at Churchill the other day with his bride from 400 miles north.

The young couple, who were united at Churchill by an Eskimo chief, had from their native village far along the barren coast of Hudson Bay by dog team in the midst of the winter Arctic tundra for years. The bride, the sister of the young bride and his power, as chief of the tribe, to forbid the marriage, did not think of it.

Waiting until they were positive no one was watching them, and that their trail could not be picked up in the snow, they set off on the long trip down the coast to Churchill, where another Eskimo chief would marry them.

They arrived after spending two weeks in travel. Food was running low and two of the huskies were being killed for food. The bride, the sister of the young bride and his power, as chief of the tribe, to forbid the marriage, did not think of it.

## Alberta Sheep

Sheep Population Of Western Provinces Fined At 520,000

According to Dr. F. W. Gershaw, Member of Parliament for Medicine Hat, there are about 520,000 sheep in Alberta, the northern sections breeding on a smaller scale than the more southern sections, where extensive ranching operations are carried out. As one man can herd 1,200 to 1,500 sheep, that number, or some multiple of it, constitutes an economic unit. The sheep population of the whole of Canada is about 4,000,000.

Persian Balm is absolutely fragrant. Adds a charming refinement to the most finished appearance. It creates and preserves complexion of surprising loveliness and texture. It dispels all irritation caused by weather conditions. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues leaving never a vestige of greasiness or residue. It is equally invaluable to all women who care for elegance and distinction.

Customer (entering large store): I am looking for a good perfume. Shopkeeper: Certainly, sir. Lip, sugar, shaving, walking, shooting or candy?

Another reason the radio is not to take the place of newspaper very soon is that the newspaper rarely fades out in the middle of a good story.

When your child tosses and cries out in his sleep, it means he is not comfortable. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong.

## RESTFUL SLEEP for FRETFUL, FEVERISH CHILD

—With Castoria's regulation

When your child tosses and cries out in his sleep, it means he is not comfortable. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong. It means there is something wrong.

Hubb, Dear—"That's a perfectly gorgeous coat Mrs. Perkins has—and just like yours. I wonder if hers is real mink?"

Wiley Dear—"Probably imitation. The hussy imitates everything I buy."

Bonds built in the United States offer a safe investment to about 100 persons, 1,000,000 working on the roads and the rest making material for them.

A musician in Tennessee has devised a violin bow strung with artificial silk.

Dust free air does not exist anywhere in nature.

W. N. U. 1500

## Japanese Offensive Against Chinese Troops Is Again Resumed

Shanghai, China.—The Japanese offensive against Chinese troops on the Chapei-Kiangwan front was taken up again Monday, Feb. 22, in a heavy mist and driving rain.

The crash of Japanese heavy artillery signalled the resumption of the attack. The Chinese returned shell for shell. Weather conditions seriously hampered the Japanese movement. The Chinese Woonung forts, at the far extremity of the Shanghai front, were holding out, too, as the Japanese drive was picked up at dawn. The Chinese there had received a fresh supply of ammunition and even showed signs of changing from defence to offensive fighters with a decisive battle as their object.

A few minutes before midnight a small band of Chinese troops who for two days have clung to the ancient walled village of Kiangwan on the Chapei-Woonung front, stiffly held their position in the face of continued Japanese thrusts. At that hour the Japanese conceded that they had not taken the town.

Caught by an exploding shell while fighting a fire in the Hongkew district of the International Settlement, six firemen, including two Britons, were wounded late Sunday night. The firemen ran to the base in response to an urgent call from Japanese soldiers who were patrolling that area. When they arrived on the scene, Chinese shells began to scream overhead.

The fire brigade retreated, but returned later when the artillery fire died down. They were caught in a new rain of explosives.

### A Peculiar Situation

U.S. Farmers Hoarding Pansies Across the Line To Deposit in Canadian Banks

Halifax, N.S.—United States farmers along the border have not only been depositing their surplus cash in Canadian banks and withdrawing from their home-town institutions to make Canadian deposits, but are actually mortgaging property and rushing the proceeds across the line, according to the February 17 issue of "The Business Week," New York Commercial Journal.

"Yankies in the upper tiers of Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire," says the publication, "are taking their money there to deposit in Dominion institutions at a rate of \$1.18 to \$1.20. Here in the true Yankee country people see an opportunity for profitable trade in things always close to the Yankee heart. When the Canadian dollar recovers—when they feel sure it will—these Yankee traders will cash their profits. Meanwhile deposits in Canada are drawing interest in the large face value."

War History In School Books  
Geneva, Switzerland.—At a session of the world disarmament conference, Baron Yrjo-Koskinen, Finland's Minister of Foreign Affairs, urged disarmament of frontiers, and Foreign Minister Chica, of Rumania, warmly supported the French plan to arm the League of Nations. He also suggested revision of school books to eliminate incitement to war.

Canada's Oldest Indian Dead  
Nanaimo, B.C.—Nanosee Bob, after whom Nanosee Bay was named 80 years ago, who was reputed to be the oldest Indian in Canada—his estimated age being 105 years—is dead at his home on the shores of Nanosee Bay.

## Germany Asks For Further Action On Disarmament Question

Geneva, Switzerland.—Germany called on the nations at the world disarmament conference to draft a "Magna Charta of disarmament security," and to reduce their implements of war to her own level.

Count Rudolph Naudy, German ambassador to Turkey, laid down a set of seven principles and challenged his hearers with the statement that Germany is already disarmed. "If Germany disarmament must be considered indicative of the direction the disarmament of all other members of the league must follow."

The German spokesman said his proposals were based on the principle that "in the future there can only be

### Tidal Wave In Alaska

Catastrophe Overtakes Native Eskimo Villages With Great Loss Of Property

Fairbanks, Alaska.—Great damage resulted from tidal waves which swept over the western Alaska coast from the Kuskokwim river delta northward and spread many miles inland, Clark M. Garber, superintendent of the Indian Affairs Bureau, said here. He has been over the territory and reported no loss of life.

Word of the catastrophe seeped out of the inaccessible scene a few days ago and Garber's account is the first authentic word picture drawn of the great mountains of ice that descended upon the native villages.

The blocks of ice, said, crushed igloos, cabins, fish caches and destroyed fish, the principal source of food for the natives. The water flooded the igloos to a depth of four or five feet, trapping the occupants who had to escape through the skylights. Adding to the terror among the Eskimos was the fact the waves came at night, giving the natives little or no chance to save their possessions.

He said probably 2,500 persons were affected, and that the loss in dire straits for the remainder of the winter because their dried fish supply was destroyed and hunting expeditions were lost.

Mr. Garber said he believed relief could be carried on adequately if the Indian affairs office with the assistance of reindeer supervisors.

### Probe Gordon Charges

Special Committee For This Purpose Has Been Appointed

Ottawa, Ont.—The special committee which will investigate charges and allegations made by Hon. G. N. Gordon, former deputy speaker of the House of Commons, said to reflect on the Prime Minister, has been appointed.

On motion of Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, the following were appointed: G. R. Geary (Cons., Toronto, South); Oswald Garrison (Cons., Dorchester); J. L. Bowman (Cons., Picton); William Duff (Lib., Antigonish-Dagobert); C. R. Howard (N., Sherbrooke); and Alvin G. Speckman (U.P.A., Red Deer).

### War Strength Of Russia

Figures Given To League Of Nations By Soviet Government

Geneva, Switzerland.—The Soviet Government told the League of Nations and the Disarmament Conference that the Red army numbered 504,383 men. The Red air and naval forces, the report said, had 28,000 and 29,000 men respectively.

The total tonnage of the navy was placed at 160,000, including 71,000 tons of capital ships, and the air force had 750 planes.

The Ogpa (Soviet secret police) guards had 15,000 in its rolls.

The Russia spent a total of 1,250,000,000 rubles (roughly \$645,000,000) on all its armed forces in 1931.

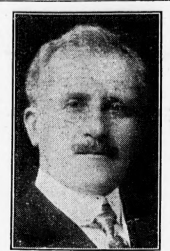
### Continue Low Fares

Montreal, Que.—Low week-end round trip fares, which have been offered by the Canadian National, Canadian Pacific and other railway lines in the Dominion since last summer, will be continued on February 29, the date originally set for their discontinuance, the Canadian Passenger Association announced.

### British Premier Takes Holiday

London, England.—Wearing an eye band and a bandage over his left eye, Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald arrived at No. 10 Downing Street, to preside over an important cabinet meeting. He planned to go later to his country place. Chequers, for a rest over a three weeks' holiday presided by his physicians.

### TESTING PROGRESS



Dr. J. A. Rudick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, is authority for the statement that cow testing has shown much more progress in Saskatchewan and British Columbia, than in any other Canadian province.

### Bandits Make Haul

Tri-Attack Messenger In Winnipeg Escaped With Large Sum Of Money

Winnipeg, Man.—Police cars were cruising Winnipeg streets seeking a group of bandits who ambushed George Ridd, provincial treasury messenger, slugged him into insensibility and escaped with a satchel containing \$3,600 in cash and \$15,000 in cheques and money orders. A stolen automobile, used to whisk the marauders away, is the only clue police have to aid them. Several thousand dollars, in small packets, which Ridd carried in his pockets, were overlooked by the hold-up men.

Ridd, accompanied by Jack Campbell, provincial chauffeur, was walking from a side door to a waiting automobile with his briefcase in the post office, located in the government buildings. As they neared the car, two men stepped up to them and ordered Ridd to hand over the satchel.

Ridd refused and attempted to run back to the building. Anticipating this, one of the robbers threw a gun into his side and pulled the trigger. When this failed, he promptly fell Ridd with blows to the head.

Wrenching the bag from Ridd's grasp, the bandit joined his two confederates and quickly fled the scene. The stolen car in which they made their escape was rapidly lost sight of in the haze of automobiles speeding their owners back from the mid-day meal. Ridd was immediately rushed to hospital where his condition was reported as fair.

The unfortunate messenger staged a plucky fight against overwhelming odds and only his lapse into unconsciousness released his hold on the money satchel.

### Urges Construction Of Bridge

C. R. McIntosh Asks Royal Commission To Consider Request

Ottawa, Ont.—"Meetings in camera" of the Royal Commission on Transportation have been held here, and so far no further public sessions have been scheduled. At the last of these representations were heard by the Hon. J. G. Dunning, Minister of the Interior, and C. R. McIntosh, Liberal member of Parliament for North Battleford, Sask., urged upon the commission the necessity for doing something in connection with the construction by the Canadian Pacific Railway of a bridge over the North Saskatchewan river and extension of an existing line northward from Saskatoon to North Battleford.

Mr. McIntosh advanced the claim that the completion of this line would serve a rich and rapidly developing country.

## League Calls Meeting To Adjudicate China's Case Against Japan

Geneva, Switzerland.—An extraordinary session of the League of Nations Assembly—the second in its 13 years of existence—was summoned for March 2 to adjudicate China's case against Japan.

Chairman Joseph P. Boroucq of the council made a final appeal to the two nations to avert impending hostilities at Shanghai and announced the assembly would be convoked "because China has requested it and not because of the impotence of the League." One delegate after another then adjured Japan to postpone the execution of the ultimatum.

The council acted on the petition of Dr. W. W. Yen, Chinese delegate and in the face of protests by the Japanese spokesman, Naokata Sato, after deciding that Japan's legal objections to the meeting were invalid. The United States Government was immediately informed of the development.

The assembly is assured of a complete attendance in view of the presence of the delegations of more than 90 nations at the world disarmament conference. The body has not convened since its regular session last September.

The immense scale of large military operations at Shanghai and the establishment of the independent Chinese territory in Manchuria, had added importance to the meeting, and observers expected important developments to grow out of it.

An acrimonious debate between the Chinese and Japanese spokesmen preceded the council's move. Dr. Yen asserted that a state of open war existed in Shanghai with Japan taking the offensive, and his opponent re-

plied that the assembly could not settle the conflict.

"We are on the eve of a battle in which 100,000 men will participate," said Dr. Yen in reference to China's rejection of the Japanese ultimatum. "The situation is simply intolerable. We are prepared to resist, and an attack on the 19th route army defending Shanghai will be regarded as an attack on the Chinese Government."

M. Sato heard ironic laughter from spectators when he said Japan's interests in Manchuria and Shanghai had never been protected by the League and he drew jaws when he said his country resorted to force only to defend the interests of her people in China.

"It is ridiculous that the council will transfer this matter to the Assembly," he continued, "because that will not settle the conflict."

The League Covenant should not be applied to China, the Japanese spokesman said, because she was not united nation, but a chaotic one. He denied that Japan was trying to stir up trouble in China and said her troops would be withdrawn from Shanghai when her interests were safe, leaving the city under international protection.

The League ridiculed the statement that Japan had never received aid from the League. "She occupied two hundred thousand square miles of Chinese territory," he said, "and had bombarded Shanghai and Nanjing. What she needs is punishment from the League."

The last time the assembly met in extraordinary session was in 1926 when Germany applied for membership in the League. Her bid was repudiated.

### Cut In Militia Training

Drastic Reductions Made In Appropriations For This Year

Ottawa, Ont.—Militia training this year will be practically eliminated, according to officials of the Department of National Defence here. Last year's units were given 4½ days, but that will be abandoned for the next twelve months. Drastic reductions in training of the permanent force will also be necessary, since appropriations for all arms have been cut to the bone.

"We didn't have much to disarm 'in the first place,'" declared one high official. "But now, we're completely disarmed."

### Peace River Outlet

No Justification For Building Here Is Opinion Of Railway Expert

Ottawa, Ont.—"No western outlet is justified for the present, as the existing lines furnish the most economical route," is the conclusion of J. M. R. Fairbairn, chief engineer of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and his conferees on the committee appointed by Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways, to enquire into the Peace River outlet. "It will take many times the present traffic to justify another railway outlet," says the report, which was tabled in the House of Commons.

## Wheat Pool To Seek Damages From Montreal Harbor Commission

Montreal, Que.—An action for \$522,230.26 damages against the Montreal Harbor Commission will be entered in Superior Court here by the Canadian Co-Operative Wheat Producers Limited of Winnipeg.

The claimants, better known as the wheat pool, demand damages for payment of excess charges for storage and insurance of wheat in the harbor commission's grain elevators during the summers of 1928 and 1929.

They claim that they were assessed and paid \$12,457.62 excess charges for storage and insurance of wheat in the harbor commission's grain elevators during the summers of 1928 and 1929.

According to the declaration of the claimants, they stored 65,260,251 bushels of Canadian wheat in the commission's grain elevators here during the periods between April 20 and December 6, 1928, and between

### Want British Films

B.C. Government May Impose Quota On British Motion Pictures

Victoria, B.C.—The provincial government will ask power, in legislation of the National Defence here, to impose a quota on British Empire motion pictures.

The legislation would give the power to fix whatever it thinks desirable at any time and to alter it if necessary.

Whether the quota would ever be invoked would depend upon conditions. If the government believed that British pictures are not being given a proper opportunity in the Canadian field it will bring a quota into effect. It is believed.

Lately, as Canada should develop a picture industry of its own, a quota could be established for Canadian-made films.

### Would Restore Titles

Ottawa, Ont.—The restoration of titles will be the most important item in the House of Commons by Armand Lavergne (Lib.-Cons., Montmagny) and deputy speaker here. Lavergne has placed a resolution on the order paper which reads: "That in the opinion of this House, it is in the interest of the Empire and the Canadian Confederation, that the privilege of His Majesty the King to grant titles to his subjects be restored."

April 23 and November 28, 1929. Under bylaw 85 of the commission's statute they were to pay certain charges for storage and for insurance for the wheat during those periods.

Those charges were paid, the declaration says, but since that time the claimants allege that they have learned that the defendants disposed and delivered to other persons the wheat of least value, thereby, large quantities of the claimants' wheat and also to others who had delivered wheat to the defendants for storage.

As a result, they claim the quantities of their wheat in the elevators at the time were really smaller than those who had been stored and for which they were charged.

And for the same reason they claim that they were overcharged \$9,847.68 for insurance rates when their wheat was not in the elevators.







## State Health Insurance

**British Columbia Plan Confined To Insuring Against Cost Of Illness**  
Commenting on the recommendation of the state health insurance commission that compulsory state health insurance be instituted in British Columbia, Mr. Speaker, C. F. David, the chairman, said, in part:

"Our problem had nothing to do with unemployment insurance. It was confined strictly to the question of insuring against the cost of sickness. The finances of the British scheme have become embarrassed by reason of failure to keep these two subjects separate, and, by permitting the insurance fund to be converted into a financial relief measure, its financial structure has been jeopardized. "In any insurance scheme, the fund can only provide what the contributors are paying for, and if unemployment relief is granted from the fund which is designed only for sickness aid, then, of course, disaster will follow. And a healthy fund subjected to such unscientific treatment will, of necessity, collapse.

"Almost every important country in Europe has now embraced the principle of compulsory sickness insurance.

"If British Columbia adopts the system, this will be the first area of the North American continent to show the way towards scientific health practice.

"We will be in a position to avoid the pitfalls and other disadvantages of features revealed in the systems of other countries and to establish a scheme which will function satisfactorily.

"The difficulty is going to be to make the people understand that the scheme can be practically self-supporting, with no added expense either to the state or to the employer or labor. These two institutions have been so heavily leaned upon in the past, in connection with unemployment, that they 'see red' when any thing bearing the name of a social service is mentioned. In health insurance, however, the relief is not only of the state, the employer and the employee, but also that of the hospitals."

### Good Season For Trappers

**Successful Catch Of Fur Reported In Northern Areas**

Trappers in most sections of northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and up along the rugged coast of Hudson Bay, are having a highly successful season, according to reports received in The Pas. Only the more settled portions of the northern part of the province, areas that have been trapped for generations, are showing any signs of lack of fur.

In the Nelson House district and around south Indian Lake the catches have been generally good. Northern Saskatchewan has had a very good season to date and huge bales of fur will soon be going on the market from that area. The airplane is helping a big part in the historic fur trade in the north country this season as most of the catches will be brought from the lonely trading posts to the rail by that means. In the Cedar Lake area in northern Manitoba the report has been to the effect the country is "trapped out," but Indians predict next year will see a big season there again.

### Opportunity For Farmer

The Farmer's Advocate says there may be 2,000,000 pounds of Canadian-grown alfalfa seed that will not be needed this spring unless the acreage is increased. That situation presents a wonderful opportunity to those who know the value of alfalfa.

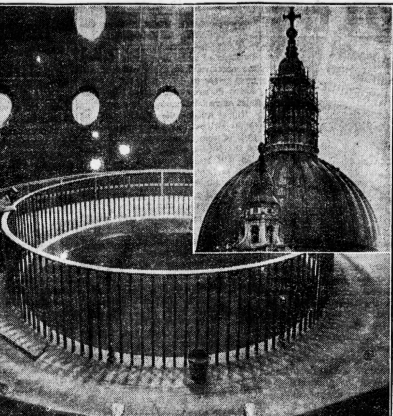
British India has doubled its tariffs on printers' ink.



"How is it that you are not running a cat now?"  
"Well, I ran over thirteen people, and then I felt I was sure to have an accident if I continued."—Dorthea, Berlin

W. N. U. 1930

## FAMOUS BRITISH CATHEDRAL NOW REPORTED SAFE



After working diligently for more than seventeen years to save the Great Dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, from disaster, architects and construction experts announce that the sinking of the foundations has been stopped and there is no more danger of the dome's falling. The dome, which is the largest of its kind in the world, was recently found to be in a serious condition owing to shifting foundations. Appeals were made for funds, and a sum of more than \$2,000,000 was donated to save the structure for the succeeding generations. Above are two pictures of the dome. The picture inset shows the top portion of the dome, while the main picture gives a good idea of the false dome just below the gavitic cross.

### "Settlement" At Shanghai

**International City In China Joint Property Of Treaty Powers**

The distinction between the International Settlement and the Chinese or "Native" or "Walled" City at Shanghai needs to be remembered. Shanghai was one of the five ports in China opened to foreign residence and trade by the British Treaty of Nanjing of 1842. Under this treaty a site was set apart, adjacent to but outside the Chinese city, where British subjects were allowed to reside without molestation or restraint. Subsequently other powers obtained the same privilege for their nationals. That was the beginning of the International Settlement, which has grown to be the most important commercial city in China, completely overshadowing the ancient city under whose walls it was developed.

Although China has never alienated the soil upon which the Settlement stands, the proprietorship of everything above ground rests jointly in the treaty powers. Their consular representatives govern the Settlement, with right of appeal to Diplomatic Corps, although the administration is in the hands of a Municipal Council elected by the ratepayers. The numerical strength of the British in the Settlement has conveyed the impression to many that it is a British colony. As a matter of fact British rights and obligations respecting the International Settlement are no different from those of the United States or any other of the powers. Consequently the invasion of the Settlement by any power, whether a treaty power or not, would be an invasion of the territorial sovereignty of all the treaty powers represented at Shanghai—and might provoke the most serious consequences.

### New Material For Windows

**English Scientist Makes Hard Transparent Substance From Molasses**

An English scientist has developed a method which may prove one of the most important inventions for many years. At the present time the most perfect material that can be used for food. One of the great problems is to know what to do with the surplus. The invention concerns a process by means of which crude sugar in the form of molasses can be converted into a substance as hard and as transparent as glass. It has, moreover, the valuable property of passing the health-giving ultra-violet rays which are stopped by ordinary window-glass. The material can be blown, moulded, or rolled, just like glass.

An electric eye is operated in a school in Tusculum, Ala., which automatically switches on electric lights when the sunlight is dimmed by clouds.

Until 10 years ago, no remains of old structures in India could be dated with certainty beyond the third century B.C.; now Indian pre-history goes back to 4300 B.C.

An inventor has combined a soldering iron for smaller jobs with a gasoline blow torch in a single implement

### Would Protect Beaver

**Change In Game Regulations Is Advocated In Order To Prevent Extirpation**

Unless an immediate change is made in game regulations, north of township 52, extermination of the beaver of Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta is in sight, a delegation from Prince Albert informed the government at Regina.

Cyril March, heading the delegation, states an effort will be made to retain the closed season in the northern half of the province. Under the present act the closed season expired at the end of last year. "There are only a few colonies of beaver in the North at the present time," Mr. March said. "The season has been open in Manitoba and Alberta and between legitimate trappers and the illegal destruction, the beaver will not have much of a chance. As far as we can estimate there will be about 12,000 beaver at the mercy of the trapper this season and if some kind of regulation for a closed season is not adopted all the beaver that will be left in the north will be on the reserves."

### Keeps the Same Course

**Idea That Gulf Stream Changes Has No Foundation**

As if there were not enough things to worry about already, another attempt is being made to convince mankind that the Gulf Stream has changed its course. This is a subject on which the defenders of the past can afford to be dogmatic. The Gulf Stream is conservative; ages ago it made its bed and it is content to lie in it. Though the British of England quit selling gold, though Gibraltar lose its impenetrability, the Gulf Stream keeps to its course, undisturbed by the accusation of inconstancy little men bring against it.

Stethoscopes like those used by doctors are now to test electric clocks in a large factory.

### New Road a Success

**England Finds Experiment With Cast Iron Satisfactory**

Cast-iron roads are to be laid experimentally in many parts of England as a result of the success of short trial sections in London.

The first road, which was invented by Frank Saml, a member of the original Royal Flying Corps, consists of triangular castings laid on a foundation of cement thinly covered with bitumen. The surface has projections like a non-skid tire tread, and the cost of the road is the same as for the best wooden paving. Iron roads are guaranteed for ten years, which is about twice the period of the stone sets, and more than three times the period of the wooden paving. The surface of the iron road is non-skid even in the worst weather; moreover, the section between trunks and surface is eliminated, so that there is little splashing in wet weather.

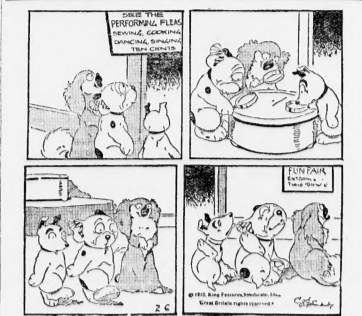
### A Four-Piece Picture

**Celebrated Picture Has Been Put Together For Second Exhibition**

A picture that was cut into four pieces after it was painted in 1440 was seen reunited for the second time at the exhibition of 350 treasures of French art throughout the ages, which opened at Burlington House, Piccadilly, London, England, on January 4. The picture, "The Annunciation," which came from Aix-la-Chapelle, is by an unknown artist, reports the London Daily Mail. One piece was in Amsterdam, one in Paris, one in Brussels, and one in a private British collection. The four pieces were put together two years ago at an exhibition at the Louvre, but apart from that this would be the first occasion on which the general public had had an opportunity of seeing the picture as a whole.

Nearly 3,000,000 dog licenses were issued in England in 1931.

## BONZO - - - By Studdy



## Good For The Pin Trade

**Shirt Manufacturers Explain Why So Many Are Tied**

Why are there so many pins in new shirts.

British manufacturers are trying to break away from a tradition which has cost 15,000,000 men millions of hours removing 1,200,000,000 pins from the 100,000,000 shirts sold annually in Britain.

Every new shirt when it comes from the manufacturers is fastened with 15 to 20 pins.

These pins are fixed under the cuffs, between the sleeves and the body, and in other unlikely places which, as a rule, are not discovered till the purchaser is in a hurry to change.

They are small pins and often they are found only by a painful process of trial and error. They tax the patience of the purchaser, and add to the cost of the shirt without serving any useful purpose.

The chairman of a British shirt-making firm said that the manufacturers would be glad to reduce the number of pins used in "dressing" shirts before they are sent to the retailers.

"But experience has taught us," he said, "that the lavish use of pins enables shirts to be packed in smaller space than when they are merely folded."

"We tried using clips, but they were not so effective."

The manager of a west-end store which has thousands of shirts on hand this week said that a large number of pins were necessary to keep the shirts in shape.

"They are constantly being taken out of boxes to be shown to customers, and have to be replaced hurriedly," he said. "If it were not for the pins they would be out of shape in a week."

A representative of a Birmingham firm of pin manufacturers said that the pin trade was largely dependent on men's wear.

"Very few pins are used in women's garments," he said.

"If they are used the women always keeps them for use again, and never do they throw them away. That is how the pin trade is kept going. Our business has been built up on the wasteful tendencies of impatient men."

## In Praise Of England

**Lecturer Delivers Gloving Eulogy Of England and Englishmen**

Leaders of thought in the United States and France are now arriving at the same conclusions as Lord Balfour, noted British statesman, lectured ten years ago on the subject of war debts. Dr. J. W. Brady, lecturer and author, of Toronto, told the Canadian Club at Saskatoon.

Taking as his subject "Where Now Stands England," Dr. Brady agreed strongly with those who would have the war debts eliminated, but began to write his epitaph. Not content with his statements, Mr. Brady pointed to innumerable facts to prove his point, referring to Britain's unchallenged place in the world of commerce, workmanship, sport, politics, speed records.

Speaking of the British form of government, the speaker said, republicans should deride the antiquated form of monarchical government, but he asked, in what country was it so easy for men from humble homes to rise to the highest positions. He quoted the success of Lloyd George, Ramsay MacDonald, Arthur Henderson and Sir John Simon, all men of humble birth, all playing a big part in Britain's destiny today.

Turning then to England's contributions to Canada, Dr. Brady himself a son of old Ontario, referred to the boys from Dr. Barnardo's Home in England, and said that over two per cent of the people of British stock in this country were descended from the Barnardo homes, or descendants of those sent to this country.

Dr. Brady said that 17,000,000 acres in Canada were titled by Barnardo boys and their families, while the home had given Canada cabinet ministers, doctors, farmers, lawyers and leaders in all walks of life.

Dr. Brady concluded on a note of optimism as far as England was concerned. He spent ten years and recently received a doctor's degree from the University of London for his "Life of Shakespeare."

The statistician announcing that about thirty hundred tons of sugar are wasted annually in the bottom of tea cups is said to be causing a great stir in Aberdeen.

Indians of Canada's three prairie provinces now have 115,000 acres of land under cultivation.

The world's highest tides, at the Bay of Fundy, have a height of 40 to 50 feet.

## Tests Were Satisfactory

**Scientists Make Crows With Treated Glands Fly North In Winter**

Nearly half the 262 crows released at Hackett on November 26 by Professor William Rowan of the Zoology Department of the University of Alberta, have been recovered, and the details of their recovery support Professor Rowan's revolutionary doctrine of the causation of migration.

This was learned in an interview with Professor Rowan. The crows, released in course of an experiment to show that migration is an inborn instinct which can be modified by treatment of the endocrine glands, were treated in different ways.

One group of birds, treated with long hours of artificial light and serum designed to reverse their natural instincts, should, according to the professor's theory, have flown northwest instead of following the southwest direction of normal crows. These birds, with tails painted bright yellow to distinguish them from the differently treated brothers, showed the poorest percentage of capture.

"Only 40 per cent of the birds in this group have been recovered," Professor Rowan said. "In some other groups returns have been as high as 80 per cent, which is extraordinarily good, and none of the other groups were lower than 55 per cent."

"This is the reverse of what was anticipated. We expected that the yellow tails would arouse curiosity among the birds, and thus result in an unusually high death rate in this group."

"Of these northbound birds, individuals have been shot at Alton, Idaho, and Shunbury, all approximately in line with Dunsmuir, the point from which we now have the long distance sight record."

"As far as the remaining groups of crows are concerned, the experiments have been a remarkable success. Returns have been adequate and the behaviour of the birds in which we now have no uniform in each case that the results are quite decisive."

### Some Spiders Are Valuable

**Only Certain Kind Spin Thread Worth Use In Textiles**

There are many tales about money-spinning spiders, but spiders today really do spin cobwebs that are valuable.

Only certain kinds of spiders make the right sort of thread, and one of the world's queerest businesses is to breed them for the purpose of making measurements.

In astronomer's telescopes and in certain microscopes fine cross-lines are needed for the purpose of making measurements. Cobweb forms one of the best materials for making these. It is collected by placing the spider on a small spider. He is then gently shaken off and, as fast as he tries to descend, the thread is wound to the pool.

The other day a cobweb fetched quite a high price for a very different purpose. In the making of a movie at Los Angeles an actor had to appear in one scene looking through a window-pane covered with spider webs. The material introduced to spin the right sort of web over a property window, a search had to be made for a window of the right kind with the right sort of cobwebs. When found it was bought at a high price and removed bodily from the house to which it belonged.

### Fully Protected

Sam had been the despair of the girls of the village. But he was to be married at last.

"Ah, Sam," said Farmer Brown, "I've never put up the beans at last."

"Aye, sir," responded Sam. "I've been praying for the third time in church last Sunday."

Greene has inaugurated its first airplane passenger service, connecting Hingham with Salton and Jamaica, and civilian aviation will be encouraged by establishment of landing fields.

Helpfulness can not be standardized. Graving until it hurts is not a true measure of charity. Some are easier than others.



Wick: "To think that when I married you you were a lightweight champion."—It was, Rome.

**Babies Thrive**  
On the easily  
digested  
**SCOTT'S EMULSION**  
of Norwegian  
Cod Liver Oil

Rich in the  
Rickets Preventing  
Vitamin D

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

It would cost \$2,183,000 to construct the Mafeking cut-off in Manitoba to the Hudson Bay Railway, the House of Commons was informed.

More than \$10,000 has been raised by Calgary Chinese to aid their brethren in China defend the nation against the Japanese.

Immigration from Canada during 1931 dropped 77.1 per cent. compared to the previous year. A total of 31,877 Canadians were admitted.

Ferdinand Blouard Balgoun, 91, long a noted worker against war and holder of the Nobel prize, died a short time ago at Beauvais, France.

The last of three royal air force aeroplanes, forced down in a blizzard in the Syrian desert, was found north of Irbid, with all the occupants safe.

There are more than 100 candidates in line for the 10 travelling research fellowships to be awarded this spring by the Royal Society of Canada.

The shipping world understands a situation has developed favoring a profitable deal with Canada when Great Britain would exchange British coal for Canadian wood.

Mayor Davison has been informed the Royal Canadian Mounted Police will not police the City of Calgary. This will be up to the city police force.

An autographed letter written by Lord Nelson to the lords of the admiralty five weeks before his death when auctioned recently brought about \$100.

Dr. Hugo Eckener announces the Graf Zeppelin would make four trips to South America during March, April and May. Six other trips, as yet undesignated as to terminal, are planned.

**Demolish Famous Structure**

Waterloo Bridge, spanning Thames in London, England, To Be Replaced.

Old Waterloo Bridge, still one of the finest structures of its kind in Europe, is doomed to demolition.

The London City Council has voted to demolish the bridge and erect a new one nearby. The decision marked the end of seven years of controversy, because of the fact that expert opinion was divided on the feasibility of its preservation.

For more than a century Waterloo bridge has gracefully spanned the Thames. But it is apparent even to casual observers that it is very slowly sinking. It is the oldest bridge now standing within London, and is the work of John Rennie. A massive stone structure of nine arches, carrying a level roadway, Waterloo bridge was opened in 1817, and its capital cost was \$222,000, more than that of any other important London bridge.

Sir Gilbert Scott, architect of the great Anglican cathedral at Liverpool, has been asked to design a new bridge to carry six lines of vehicular traffic, and to cost £1,295,000. The ministry of transport will assist the county council to the extent of contributing 50 per cent. of the cost.

**Ricklets Cure Announced**

A new cure for rickets was announced recently by Professor John W. M. Munk, of the Department of Biology and Public Health at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

**PATENTS**

A List of "Patented Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free on Request. The RAMSAY CO. 167 OTTAWA, ONT.

**VARICOSE VEINS**

Write for complete information about ELASTO—the new treatment for varicose veins, varicose ulcers and other leg disorders. Free sample and interesting booklet sent on request. The New Era Treatise Co., Limited, Dept. 153, Z, 450 Craig St. W., Montreal.

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W. N. U. 1930

## Investigate Radio Broadcasting

Parliamentary Committee To Be Established For This Purpose

Equipped with wide powers, a parliamentary committee will be established to investigate the Canadian radio broadcasting industry, Premier R. B. Bennett announced to the House of Commons. It will "advise and recommend a complete technical scheme of radio broadcasting for Canada as designed as to ensure from Canadian sources as complete and satisfactory a service as the present development of radio science will permit," and will "investigate and report on the most satisfactory agency for carrying out the scheme."

Advocates of public and private ownership will be afforded opportunity of presenting their views before the committee, the premier said. Review will be made of the report of the Air Commission which investigated the radio industry in 1929, and among other things, advocated nationalization of broadcasting.

Members of the parliamentary committee will be "selected from among the various parties in the House, the actual selection being left to the whips. A similar committee was established during the 1930 session. But it held no meetings because of the sudden prorogation of parliament on the eve of the general election."

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## chest COLDS

best treated  
by simulation  
and inhalation

Just rub  
**VICKS**  
VapoRub

ACTS TWO WAYS AT ONCE

Extend Library Privileges

Public Library Commission For Saskatchewan May Be Established

Establishment of a public library commission for Saskatchewan, with the cooperation of the Carnegie Institute, is a development which may be expected in the province within the next few months.

Recently, representatives of the Carnegie Institute visited Regina and met members of the provincial government, and it was learned that consideration is now being given to a plan which would bring to the residents of all the rural sections a book-lending system not possible at present.

The plan, it is learned, provides for a substantial financial grant from the Carnegie Institute to the province, controlled by a commission in charge of the library extension work. This commission would work in cooperation with the open-shelf library and travelling library branches of the provincial public library and the system would permit the distribution of books into every rural section of the province.

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## Highway From England To Turkey Planned

Governments Of Eight Nations Co-Operating In Enterprise

A 1,957-mile new highway is to be constructed extending from London to Constantinople, along which it will be possible to drive a motor car the entire distance unhindered by the host of restrictions now imposed.

The Automobile Association of Great Britain has just published details of this enterprise. The motorist of the future setting out from London will reach Dover, 73 miles distant, and, crossing the channel, will resume his tour at Calais, 95 miles from London, then to Brussels (234 miles), Belgarde (1,242 miles), Cologne (369 miles), Budapest (1,062 miles), Sofia (1,587 miles), and then on to Constantinople, or, as it now must be called, Istanbul.

The governments of eight countries are co-operating in the scheme in order that touring motorists can pass along without customs checks. At each frontier post along the route there will be garages permitting repairs to be made and spare parts bought of every make of car.

Each bureau will be staffed with expert guides so that no motorist need lose his way. Moreover, there will be ample medical supplies and gasoline stations.

Each of the eight countries through which the route passes is vying with each other in its zeal to make it the wonder road of the world.

Hundreds of miles of it are yet to be constructed. New and stronger bridges are being built, and in the case of ferry crossings, the routes are being smoothed.

The authorities in each country are being urged to make the whole road a uniform width of 30 feet.

Plans are being drawn up for extending the road through to Calcutta, via Aleppo, Damascus, Baghdad and Teheran, Meshad and Bombay in Persia, across to Quetta and Lahore, and from there to Delhi and Calcutta.

An automobile association official said: "We are now negotiating for a 24-hour customs service in the eight countries concerned, and for customs departments to be established on the actual road at the various frontier crossings."

"When the international road is an accomplished fact it will be possible to set out from London and cross the entire 1,957 miles carrying only one document and paying only one deposit."

The government will accept letters from abroad in the old name until this fact becomes known throughout the world, but telegrams must be addressed to Istanbul, or the French name Stamboul, which is incorrect.

**Praise For The Newspaper**

Makes Millions Of Statements But Compensatively Few Errors

FRASER ELLIOT, solicitor for the Dominion Income Tax Department, says: "I disagree with the statement of ten made that 'nothing can be believed or taken as fact until it has been proved by the newspaper. Our newspapers over a long period of time have established, I believe, a reputation for integrity and fair dealing. That of referred to in the past for taking pains, may be applied to newspapers on a petrifaction of facts in an incredibly short space of time, for the facts of today, in any part of the world, are new tomorrow in any other part of the world, but history the next. Newspapers are not published or read successfully as historians."

**An Interesting Discovery**

Petrified Apes Have Been Found By Farmer In Alberta

While fertilizing potato leaves, figs and fig leaves have been uncovered in southern Alberta, as proof that about 70,000,000 years ago this part of the west was a tropical land where the dinosaurs roamed, yet it was not until last month that petrified apes have been unearthed.

"This discovery was made by a farmer digging a well in the Olds district, who unearthed petrified apes on a petrified branch of an ancient tree. The Calgary museum has been notified of the discovery and the well has been sealed with earth to await further excavation work by experts in this branch of research."

**Scientists Are Busy**

Scientists of nearly a score of nations are completing arrangements for the widest investigation ever made into the scientific and meteorological mysteries of the polar regions. The second "polar year" begins August 1 next, and a group of "polar men" in Toronto are busy daily to connect details of the great part Canada is to take in the new invasion of the top of the world.

## Completion Of Old Experiment Is Near

Scientists Working On Correct Measurement Of Speed Of Light

Experiments begun by scientists more than 300 years ago to ascertain the speed of light seem near completion at Pasadena, California. The speed of light is the yardstick of science. Other yardsticks may vary or be shortened or lengthened by temperature changes, but the speed of light is recognized as constant.

Astronomers measure the distance from the earth to stars and planets by it, using "light years," the distance light would travel in a year. But they have never been able accurately to reduce a light year to miles.

Gallileo Galilei, Italian scientist, was the first of the first estimates of light's speed by flashing lantern light back and forth across hillsides. Employing much the same principles, Dr. Albert A. Michelson, United States physicist, used mirrors to flash light from mountain top to mountain top near Pasadena in 1927 and found it travelled 186,284 miles per second. This value was accepted by scientists, but Dr. Michelson felt a still more accurate measurement could be made.

He had a mile long tube of rugged steel 36 inches in diameter built on the Irvine ranch near Santa Ana, California. It was sealed, reduced to a near vacuum and light from an arc lamp flashed back and forth through it by mirrors. But Dr. Michelson, who was 79 years old, died last May before the first five of his observations were completed.

Dr. F. G. Pease, of Mount Wilson Observatory, and Fred Pearson, of the University of Chicago, who had aided him, will resume the observations and hope to complete them within a comparatively short time.

**Canada's Wheat Exports**

Summary Of Movement Of Grain To United Kingdom Given In Report

Wheat exported during the month of January totalled 9,742,340 bushels, valued at \$5,817,082, compared with 9,608,862 in January, 1931, valued at \$6,400,082, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The amount sent to the United Kingdom was 5,289,568 bushels compared with 2,818,868 bushels in the corresponding month of last year.

In the six months ending January, 1932 the total wheat export was 104,450,432 bushels, compared with 138,297,729 in the same month of 1931.

Wheat four export in January totalled 331,806 barrels valued at \$1,371,570, compared with 392,256 barrels at \$1,526,009 in January, 1931.

The six months export was 2,896,865 barrels at \$9,070,107, compared with 3,861,094 at \$17,114,234 in the same period a year ago.

**Ontario Gold Production**

Gold production in Ontario during January, although lower than in December, 1931, was in excess of average monthly production for the past three years, according to a report of the Provincial Department of Mines. Output showed an increase of about \$400,000 over January, 1931.

**For Quick Relief From  
COUGHS & COLDS  
TAKE  
BUCKLEY'S  
MIXTURE**

The very first sign of this potent, pungent, protective mixture gives results.

**ACTS LIKE A FLASH—  
KILLS A COLD—  
PROVES IT!**

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# gold BEEHIVE GOLDEN TABLETS

The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited, MONTREAL

## THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

BY MARGARET FIEDLER

"The Splendid Fall of The Harvest Of The House Of Dreams-Come-True," Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

### CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

She laughed and retorted imperiously: "I am sure I'm grateful to the big boy who came to the rescue."

There was something queer, unconsciously provocative about her as she stood there with one foot poised on the plank, her head bowed and a hint of gentle rivalry tilting the corners of her mouth.

The cave-man went suddenly in him. He was conscious of an almost irresistible impulse to take her in his arms and kiss her. But the conventions of the centuries held, and all Jean knew of that swift flash-up of desire in the man beside her was that the grip of his hand on hers suddenly tightened so that the pain of it almost made her cry out.

And because she was not given to regarding every unmarried man she met in the light of a potential lover—as some women are prone to do—and because, perhaps, her thoughts were subconsciously preoccupied by a lean, dark face, rather stern and foreboding-looking as though from some past discipline of pain, Jean never ascertained that force pressed against the hand to its rightful origin, but merely rubbed her bruised fingers surreptitiously and wished ruefully that men were not quite so muscular.

"I'll go with you up to the house," remarked Burke, without any elaboration of "by your leave."

She was privately of the opinion that her leave would have little or nothing to do with the matter. If this exceedingly automatic and masculine individual had decided to accompany her through the park, accompany her he would, and she might as well make the best of it.

He was extraordinarily unlike his sister, for he had no trace of anything to do with the matter. If this exceedingly automatic and masculine individual had decided to accompany her through the park, accompany her he would, and she might as well make the best of it.

"Will you come in?" asked Jean, pausing as they reached the house. "Though I'm afraid everyone is gone."

"So much the better," he replied.

## WIFE WAS FAT—

### No Longer Attractive Lost Husband's Love

The above headlines appeared in a New York newspaper, in connection with a divorce trial that has attracted wide attention.

"She was a beautiful woman," one witness testified, "but she got too fat. It is not attractive any more."

Thousands of women are getting fat and losing their beauty just because they do not know what to do. They do not know what to do. They do not know what to do. They do not know what to do.

FREE! RITUAL OFFER

If you have never used Kruschen—IT IS NOW FREE! We have a special "GRANT" which makes it possible for you to receive a complete course of Kruschen treatment absolutely FREE!

One of our regular 126, bottle bottles with a special trial bottle for about the best, and then, if you like, to take the full course of Kruschen treatment. You will find it so good, you will want to keep it. You will find it so good, you will want to keep it. You will find it so good, you will want to keep it.

W. N. O. 1930

This delicious table syrup is just full of nourishment, and costs little. Try it.

"That's not very polite to the others"—muttering a little, "I thought the Staple people were old friends of yours?"

"So they are. That's exactly it. I felt the mood of the explorer on me this afternoon."

"You're one of the people with a penchant for new acquaintances, then?" she said indifferently, leading the way into the hall, where, in place of the great log fire of chiller days, a bank of glowing tapers made a glory of gold and orange and red like the hearth.

"But I've every intention of making your acquaintance right now."

Jean rang the bell and ordered tea. "I think perhaps I must be conducted in the matter," she returned lightly when James had left the room.

"I don't think it is usually considered a woman's prerogative. Supposing"—he said—"don't ask you to tea, after all."

There was a smouldering fire in the place he bestowed upon her vivid light. He had just given her a glimpse of the light.

"I wouldn't make a bit of difference—in the long run," he replied dejectedly. "I was as stupid as a don."

"What can't force friendship," she said quickly. "I was as stupid as a don."

"I don't think it is usually considered a woman's prerogative. Supposing"—he said—"don't ask you to tea, after all."

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understand, and after Burke's departure she took him to task for his churlishness.

"It was really absurd of you, Blaise," she scolded half-smiling, half in genuine vexation. "As if Mr. Burke could possibly be held responsible for the actions of a million other schoolboys! At least he did all he could to repair the damage; he brought me back, and recovered the missing part of my hair for me. You hadn't the least reason to flare up like that."

"The anger died out of his face and his eyes were somewhat sad."

"You're right," he said at last, "absolutely right. But there rarely is any reason for a Tormarin's temper. Do you know—it sounds ridiculous, but it's perfectly true—it was all I could do not to knock Burke down."

"My dear Blaise, you fill me with alarm! I'd no idea you were such a bloodthirsty individual! But seriously, what the poor man does to incur your wrath? He's been most helpful!"

"There was a statement of mockery in the bribe," she smiled through his face.

"Perhaps that was just it. I've rather grown to look upon it as my own particular prerogative to help you out of difficulties."

"Well, I don't rather it had been you," she allowed, twinkling. "Do you mean that?"—suddenly.

"Of course I do"—lightly. She had failed to notice the emphasis in his quick question. "I'm more used to it. Besides, I believe Mr. Burke rather likes me."

"A trifle—overwhelming, still," she heard him think reprovingly—"I don't think that excuses you. You must be shocked."

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## Relief Work Wages

### No Intention of Reducing Wage Standards in British Columbia

British Columbia has no intention of reducing the wage standards of labor in this province by its present unemployment relief measures. H. W. Brown, Minister of Public Works, declared in a statement at Victoria, B.C. He declared that as soon as the present acute economic emergency was relieved all government work would be done on the basis of normal wages.

"Government," he explained, "it should be clearly understood that we are not paying wages in our road camps. We are only giving relief to destitute men. We are giving them good board and lodging, but they are anxious to work in return for that. But they will not do the normal day's work of eight hours. They will be asked to work 120 hours a month, by which they will earn their board and lodging and a cash allowance over and above that of \$7.50 a month."

## THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By ALICE MICHAELS

### LAUGHTER

Laughter! Well, without it Earth indeed would be a dull place. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics asserts this is so.

Females who undertake their age do so particularly around the age of 40.

After the age of 60, the males begin to overtake the mark and keep on getting worse and worse. Females after 60, also overtake, but it is noticeable that they get a little canny on the overtake!

Eighty-two of the persons recorded as centenarians in that census, 45 males and 37 females, were given their exact age, but none of the men did. Three men under their age.

He there were 34 males and 42 females who overtook their age. Three of the men did it really. One said he was 31 years older than he actually was, another exaggerated by 30 years and the third put 20 years on to his span. Accordingly, if the centenarian, who put 31 years to his age, gave it as 131, he was really just a youngster of one hundred.

The centenarian women who overtook their age were a little more modest in their claims. The one who exaggerated most did it by only 12 years.

Perfectly Reliable

Lady: "I want to buy a radio on the installment plan."

Dealer: "Can you give any references?"

Lady: "Yes, indeed. The last dealer we bought one from will be glad to tell you that there wasn't a single scratch on the cabinet when he took it back!"

Soft corners and warts are ugly, repulsive and irritating. They are caused by the use of cheap, cheap and surely with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

The question that is now puzzling the industry is whether faces will be worn as long this year as last.

When you CAN'T STOP

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# Children's COLDS

Mothers testify that BABY'S OWN TABLETS are invaluable for children's head colds and feverish colds.

"As the first sign of a cold," writes Mrs. Isaac Keller, 4 Chalmers Place, Toronto, "or if the children have been out in damp weather, I give Baby's Own Tablets, and they are all right again in a day."

Mrs. Albert H. Knowles, R. R. 5, Graton, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets relieve colds so easily—I wouldn't be without them if they cost twice as much."

Mrs. James O'Connor, Godfrey, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are wonderful for children's colds and fever." DR. WILLIAMS'

Mrs. Frank A. Tullen, Harrisville, Ont., writes: "It was next to marvelous, after giving Baby's Own Tablets, when my little boy, who was feverish, was all right again in a day."

When you see your child with a cold coming on, don't lose any time in giving Baby's Own Tablets. They are effective, also, for teething troubles, colds, constipation, vomiting, sleeplessness, and whenever a child is restless and unable to get to sleep. Write for the analyst's certificate in each 25-cent package. Over 1,250,000 packages sold in 1927.

## BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Make and Keep Children Well—As Mothers Know

### Men Camouflage Age

Bureau of Statistics Find They Overstate the Mark

It is a myth that women make a mystery of their ages more than do men. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics asserts this is so.

Females who undertake their age do so particularly around the age of 40.

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### Little Helps For This Week

"I will fear no evil, for Thou art with me."—Psalm cxli, 4.

In Heavenly love abiding.

No change my heart shall fear.

And safe is such confiding.

For nothing changes here.

Thou art my life and my dear.

My heart may low be laid.

But God is round about me.

And God is my salvation.

—Anna Laestla Warring.

Just suppose that we could get rid of all unnecessary and previous terror; just suppose that we could be sure of final victory in every conflict and final emergence out of every shadow into brightest day; now our hearts would be lightened, how much more heavily we should work and fight and march forward! This is the courage to which we are entitled, and which we may find in the thought that God is with us everywhere. The course of our journey has been appointed by Him; He knows the way through the darkness.

—Henry Van Dyke.

## Acidity Overcome

### Wonderful Results From Famous Vegetable Pills

Instead of having an acid stomach and being constipated, Mr. Frank C. says he can eat anything without trouble. He writes: "I have been using Carter's Little Liver Pills, and they are wonderful. They are effective in both acid and constipation. I have been using them for some time, and they have been very helpful. I have been using them for some time, and they have been very helpful. I have been using them for some time, and they have been very helpful."

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**EXPRESS**  
 A MONTHLY to the interests  
 of Business and District  
 \$2.50 to the United States  
 Subscription price \$2.00 per  
 year to any part of Canada  
 or Great Britain.

K. S. Sereno  
 Proprietor

Thursday, Mar. 17th, 1932

Miss "Pat" Brown arrived  
 back to town on Wednesday  
 night.

We are agents for all maga-  
 zines and periodicals, bring us  
 your new or renewal subscrip-  
 tions.

The Castle Coombe W.M.S.  
 will meet at the home of Mrs.  
 Wm. Rowley, on Sunday, March  
 the 20th at 2 p.m.

Spring is just around the  
 corner. A number of gophers  
 were seen near the Red Deer  
 river bridge on Sunday.

The repairing and planking  
 of the bridge has been com-  
 pleted. The crew from Calgary  
 left here for Bindloss, to make  
 some repairs to the bridge  
 there.

A large party of the young  
 people went to Percy Brown's  
 farm on Saturday. Four games  
 of hockey were played on the  
 frozen water of the dam. Three  
 games were won and one  
 drawn. Opposition was fur-  
 nished by Bindloss and young peo-  
 ple of the district.

On March the 26th (Easter  
 Sunday) the Ladies' of St.  
 Anne's A.A., will hold their  
 annual social and sale of flowers,  
 aprons and home cooking in  
 Nover's building. Those desir-  
 ing to order potted plants,  
 Easter lilies and etc., kindly  
 phone Mrs. Loeb not later than  
 March the 19th.

#### Getting on in the World—cont.

patience in tribulation as well.

A good man said there is an  
 element of choice in every man's  
 life. Young people should be  
 thankful for youth, health and  
 opportunities to make their  
 choice and qualify themselves  
 for the great work of "Getting  
 along in the World."

I read a book when I was  
 about twenty years of age called  
 "Getting on in the World,"  
 that gave me a vision and hope  
 in my future, but I did not see  
 the importance at the time of  
 studying and gaining knowl-  
 edge to make the progress I  
 should have done.

Getting on in the world is a  
 work facing every young man  
 and woman. May they all  
 make honorable progress.

T. C. Rogers, Bindloss, Alta.

Dr. A. K. McNeill  
 (Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and  
 Surgeon  
 Phone 41

Office: Centre Street

**DENTIST**  
 Dr. DOWLER

Thursdays and Fridays  
 Arriving on Wednesday night  
 Office: Royal Bank Building  
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AT LEADER:  
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**DOMINION CAFE**  
 FIRST CLASS MEALS

Good House  
 Always a Full Stock Carries  
 Cakes, Cigars, Cigarettes,  
 ICE CREAM & SUNDAYS  
 Dances and after theatre lunches  
 A Place of City Style.



## Health Service

OF THE  
**Canadian Medical Association**

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

#### Stop and Think

Health is a precious posses-  
 sion, but it is one which most  
 people do not appreciate until  
 they are threatened with its  
 loss. We seldom consider just  
 how much good health means  
 to us. We rather take good  
 health for granted, and seldom  
 make any real effort to improve  
 or to keep it, until we are  
 faced with losing it.

It is not desirable to spend all  
 our time thinking about health.  
 We know what a nuisance the  
 health crank is, and how irri-  
 tating is the person who al-  
 ways wants to tell us about his  
 pains and aches. It is, however,  
 equally foolish to ignore health  
 entirely, and to disregard symp-  
 toms of abnormal conditions of  
 the body.

What we should strive for is  
 the happy medium which avoids  
 extremes. Health should re-  
 ceive a reasonable amount of  
 attention and consideration.  
 Without becoming food fan-  
 drels, it is well for us to put  
 into practice certain principles  
 with regard to what we eat.

We are practically unaware  
 of our body functions as long  
 as they go on normally. We  
 should realize, therefore, that  
 when the discomfort is felt, or  
 where there are signs of un-  
 usual occurrences, while there is  
 no need for alarm, still it is  
 foolish to disregard them. The  
 body has considerable reserve  
 strength and ability to adjust  
 itself to changing conditions,  
 but it is a mistake to call upon  
 reserves unless it is necessary.  
 It is much better to help than  
 to exhaust nature.

It is surprising how many  
 people will go on, day after day  
 ignoring conditions which clearly  
 indicate that there is some-  
 thing wrong, that nature re-  
 quires assistance. Persistent  
 coughs are overlooked, pro-  
 gressive loss of weight is not  
 given attention, unusual fati-  
 gue is not investigated, and thus  
 it is that many cases first pre-  
 sent themselves to their doctor  
 with well advanced tubercu-  
 losis.

Jeannette Shezherbanuk, of  
 Buffalo, has been admitted to  
 the hospital for treatment.

Sam (on outside, looking in)  
 —Look! heah; niggah, are ya in  
 fer life?  
 Rastus (on inside, looking  
 out)—Not me, I ain't; jes' from  
 now on.

#### Masquerade

Dance

March 17th

Subscribe to your  
 Local Paper

There is always some cause  
 for what is called indigestion.  
 If this persists or recurs, it  
 means that what condition is  
 responsible continues to be pre-

sent. Lumps do not occur in  
 the normal female breast; un-  
 usual discharges do not come  
 from the normal body; ordinary  
 sores heal and do not break  
 down again.

It is because such happenings  
 as these do not receive prompt  
 attention that cancer is allowed  
 to develop beyond the stage at  
 which it can be cured. While  
 they are not always signs of  
 cancer, still the patient cannot  
 tell whether they are or not.  
 There is only one safe way to  
 act, and that is to find out from

the doctor, in every case, what  
 is the true nature of the con-  
 dition.  
 Reasonable attention is re-  
 quired if health is to be pre-

served. If treatment is to be  
 good when it can do the most,  
 good attention must be given  
 to any signs or symptoms of ab-  
 normal conditions.

#### Don't put off till tomorrow BUYING YOUR HARNESS PARTS. Do it now!

Our stock is complete and priced as follows:  
 STEEL HARNESSES, \$1.75 per pair  
 SWEAT PADS, all sizes, 50c each  
 RAWHIDE HALTERS, 11 dble, 1.25 each  
 HAME STRAPS, 20c and 25c each  
 POLE STRAPS, 14 in, 80c each  
 MARTINGALES, 14 in, 80c each  
 BELLY BANDS, 14 in, 75c each  
 TEAM LINES, 22 ft., 4.50 set.  
 An extra special price on LEATHER by the side, 50c lb.  
 By the strip, 60c, lb.

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AGENT: BRITISH AMERICAN OIL CO.

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EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates \$2.00 and 3.00  
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We have a large stock of I. H. C. Drill and Cultivator  
 and Plow and Disc and Wagon and Binder and Header  
 Repairs, which we will sell at time to Responsible Party,  
 or we will give 25 per cent off for Cash. We also have on hand:

- 1 No. 2 Bull Dog Farming Mill 21 H.C. Harrow Carts.
- 1 24 foot Wood Boss Harrow. 1 35 ft. Wood Boss Harrow.
- 2 Heavy Wagons 1 Wood-wheel Farm Truck.
- 3 125 Bushel Grain Tanks 1 125 Bushel I. H. C. Grain
- 8 USED TRACTORS at a Real Snap. Truck.

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 CALL AND SEE US.

Phone 58 **THE EMPRESS LUMBER YARDS**

#### Spring Work Specials

- Men's Cotton-Flannel Shirts  
 The real shirt for the Spring weather, in plain  
 grey. Special ..... .75
- Men's Fine Cotton Flannel Shirts  
 in fancy patterns. Regular, \$1.45, special ..... .95+
- Men's Blue Denim Bib Overalls  
 Special ..... .95
- Men's Blue Denim Bib Overalls  
 Engineer's style, etc. Reg. up to 1.75. Special, 1.29
- Good Selection of Tuff wearing Work Gloves  
 In Watson and Wrist-it brands. Special ..... 65c.

Get Your Spring Requirements at  
 Sandy's at Lowest Prices

A Complete Stock of Men and Boys' Wear  
 carried at all times

#### "SANDY'S"

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#### Shoes, Harness & Supplies

SEE what you buy

Examine the Quality first.

Our stock is Complete, come in and  
 look it over. Prices reasonable.

OUR MOTTO: If you are Satisfied Tell others;  
 If not, Tell Us.

#### Wide-awake Shoe & Harness Shop

CHAS. CREMON, Proprietor

#### Utility Specials

- Reception brand Blackberry  
 Jam, 4 lb. pails ..... 47c.
- Bulk PRUNES, fancy quali-  
 ty, size 50-60, spec. per lb. 10c.
- 50 lb. BOXES ..... \$4.75
- FRESH BULK DATES  
 per lb. 10c.
- GOLDEN LOAF CHEESE  
 \$1 boxes ..... 62c.
- DILL PICKLES, gallon size  
 tins, per tin ..... 75c.

#### W. R. BRODIE

#### DON. MacRAE

- Choice Quality Peas, 2 for ..... 25
- Choice Quality Corn, 2 for ..... 25
- Libby's Pork and Beans ..... 10
- Campbell's Tomato Soup ..... 10
- Roger's Syrup, 2's ..... 25
- Choice Dates, per lb. ..... 10

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